

# Look Says Alioto Has Mafia Ties; Mayor Is Suing

NEW YORK (AP) — Look Magazine says in its Sept. 23 issue that Mayor Joseph L. Alioto of San Francisco is "enmeshed in a web of alliances with at least six leaders of La Cosa Nostra."

In a statement issued in San Francisco, Alioto said the article was "an incredible tissue of lies, half-truths and false innuendos" and said he was suing the magazine.

The mayor said his lawyers had filed in U.S. District Court a suit against Gardner Cowles, editorial chairman; Cowles Communications, and Look for libel and slander for \$7.5 million actual damages and \$5 million punitive damages.

In an article released Friday, Look charged that Alioto, 53, provided the Mafia leaders "with bank loans, legal services, business counsel and opportunities and the protective mantle of his respectability. In return, he has earned fees, profits, political support and campaign contributions."

Alioto was elected mayor in 1967. He is considered a possible challenger to California Gov. Ronald Reagan next year.

Look said Alioto's ties with the mob "go back almost a quarter of a cen-

said Alioto met with Fratianno and Goldberger during which Goldberger asked Alioto to help Fratianno get a loan from his bank. Alioto, said Roff, made a call to the bank saying Fratianno was coming over.

Roff said Alioto later had second thoughts about the loan, called the bank and told officials to consider the loan only on its merits.

Look said the first of the loans was granted Jan. 19, 1965, and four more loans were granted before October.

In a statement, Alioto said that although he had not read the Look article he had been "shocked by the newspaper reports of its scurrilous contents."

He said the magazine was resorting to a "policy of sensationalism in a malicious disregard of the truth."

## Iowa High Court Agrees to Review Reapportionment

DES MOINES (AP) — The Iowa Supreme Court decided Friday to review the reapportionment plan drawn by the 1969 Legislature.

The court overruled a motion of Republican state officials asking that an appeal brought by five Democrats not be considered.

Democrats asked the court to review the reapportionment plan, because, they said, the Republican majority in the legislature gerrymandered to favor their own party members.

Two other requests of Republicans also were denied.

The court gave Republicans until Sept. 11 to file an answer to the Democrat appeal, and it gave all other persons who want to intervene in the case until Sept. 11 to do so.

All three requests were denied by the court, which considered the matter here Thursday and Friday.



JIMMY (WEASEL) FRATIANNO Named in Look story as Mayor's Cohort

and "have not been broken."

The magazine said that during the 1967 mayoral campaign "the Cosa Nostra did its part" for Alioto in the form of contributions.

In 1965, Look said, Alioto, chairman of the board and one of the founders of the First San Francisco Bank "personally arranged" a series of loans totaling \$105,000 for "a notorious Costa Nostra killer, Jimmy 'The Weasel' Fratianno."

Look said Fratianno defaulted on the loans and a "sizeable part of the debt is still unpaid."

Look said Alioto admitted he met with Fratianno, but said he sent him to the bank only at the request of Jack Goldberger, a Teamsters Union official. Goldberger, said Look, denied any role in the loans. The magazine said Fratianno denied meeting either Alioto or Goldberger.

Alioto's news secretary, Hadley Roff,

# The Daily Iowan

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## Drinking Water Unsanitary



Noreen Doenges, Wapakoneta, Ohio, steps Friday into an astronaut's garb to see what it's like to be a spacewoman. The town posted the mockup spacesuit beneath a road and moon mileage sign as it prepares a festival for today, when it will welcome home moon walker Neil Armstrong. — AP Wirephoto

## Situation Likely to Worsen, Federal Water Survey Shows

WASHINGTON (AP) — The nation's drinking water systems are plagued with serious sanitary deficiencies that are likely to get worse, preliminary findings of a federal study show.

By one Department of Health, Education and Welfare estimate, about 8 million people are drinking from municipal water systems that contain more bacteria than recommended under federal standards, according to Charles G. Johnson Jr., administrator of consumer protection and environmental health service.

"Some serious sanitary deficiencies exist in the nation's community water supplies, deficiencies that are likely to get worse before they get better," Johnson said in a speech this week to the American Waterworks Association.

Johnson said his estimates come from preliminary results of a department study of water systems in eight metropolitan areas and the state of Vermont, as well as individual water supplies in the Southeast.

The metropolitan areas are New York City, including Long Island; Charleston, W. Va.; Charleston, S. C.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Kansas City, Mo.; New Orleans, La.; Pueblo, Colo.; and the San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario area of California. The 20 million people in these areas are served by 1,100 different community water systems.

Johnson cited these "disturbing" preliminary findings:

- In two areas where the survey is complete, 63 per cent of the water systems are deficient by Public Health Service standards, but not necessarily unsafe.
- About nine per cent of samples from seven areas "evidence contamination in the distribution systems."
- Thirty-one per cent of Vermont's water systems are contaminated by bacteria.
- Some metropolitan sections are still served by "decidedly unsanitary" tank truck delivery of water.
- Many water system operators skip or neglect routine control procedures.
- Plant workers are often negligent in their handling of chlorine used for water disinfection.
- Pesticide traces were found in 76 of 79 samples tested.
- The incidence of bacterial contamination in such individual water supplies as cisterns, wells and springs ranges from 40 to 80 per cent.

## High Court Says Hospital Ramp Operates Legally

The Iowa Supreme Court Friday ruled that the operation of the University's Hospital Parking Ramp was legal, upholding in substance a decision on the case in Johnson County District Court.

The high court decision was the result of an appeal of the district court ruling by Boyd F. Brack, 514 S. Madison St.

Brack's attorneys argued unsuccessfully that:

- The bonding of any parking ramp was not for the "welfare and benefit of the students." State law requires that the bonding of any University structure be for students' "welfare and benefit."
- The law required that a bonded structure be self-supporting.

The University's lawyers argued that all that the law required was that the entire system of which a bonded structure is a part must be self-liquidating.

Director of Parking Lot Operations John Dooley said the decision "removes restrictions that could hinder further development in this area."

Dooley added that it was "not anticipated that we'll go into bonding immediately because of the high interest rate."

The Hospital Parking Ramp's construction was not bonded. However, revenues from the entire parking system are used to finance the structure since it is not yet self-liquidating.

Dooley said the ramp was built using "interim financing through the Board of Regents." Instead of being bonded, he said, the ramp was built with funds transferred from a fund in the budget for construction of a new Dental Building. That fund was appropriated, but not being used, Dooley said.

He said that his department, using revenues from the entire parking system, was "well on our way to repaying the funds."

## Longhaired Youth Readmitted to High School

WASHINGTON, Iowa — A youth who was suspended from Washington Community High School here in a controversy over the length of his hair has been reinstated after Johnson County Rep. Joe Johnston (D-Iowa City) argued in his behalf before the superintendent of schools, the principal at the school and the school district's lawyer.

Student Council Pres. Jim Rosenkild,

17, was suspended from the school Tuesday morning when he appeared for the first day of classes until he agreed to cut his hair.

The Iowa City chapter of the Iowa Civil Liberties Union (ICLU) offered to assist Rosenkild and arranged to have Johnston represent him. Johnston has taught a course in school law in the

University College of Education.

Johnston said he argued that a 3-day suspension was the maximum punishment permitted by the school short of expulsion. He said officials were not permitted to suspend the youth indefinitely.

Johnston said the Board of Education of the Washington Community School

District would probably consider the matter next week at a public hearing to determine what further action if any should be taken against Rosenkild.

Rosenkild was among five Washington High youths instructed Tuesday to remain out of school until they trimmed their hair. Three youths have already cut their hair and the fourth, Dave Stevenson, was reported planning to do so.

# Conflict Seasons Monday's School Election

By SHARON WATKINS  
A DI News Analysis

Iowa City residents will elect three new members to the Board of Education this Monday. In the year since the last three board members were chosen, the district superintendent has resigned, two board members have declined to run for re-election and heated controversy has erupted on several occasions about a variety of issues.

Nine Iowa City residents are campaigning for the directorships: Arthur L. Campbell, Phillip E. Cline, John Dane, Robert E. Engel, Mrs. Harold L. Franklin, Daniel T. Moe, Eugene L. Radig, Mrs. Bruce E. Spivey and James P. Stier. Campbell, an incumbent, is seeking his second term.

Conflict has characterized the events surrounding the past year's Board elections. And conflict within the Board itself has been cited as a factor leading to the resignation last April 25 of Buford W. Garner, district superintendent.

The dissension between Garner and several board members was frequently evident at the Board meetings. In his resignation statement, Garner, who had served as head administrator since 1952, cited "a situation of incompatibility . . . between a majority of board members and the superintendent" as the cause of his resignation.

He added, however, that for the past three years he had been considering the possibility of leaving the district. He recently accepted a position with the State Department of Public Instruction in Des Moines.

In July, Board Pres. Henry W. Piro

announced he would not seek a second term on the board.

He said then, "This past year has been equivalent to a two- or three-year period."

Piro also forecast a continuing trend by the Board to delve into administrative matters rather than to stay solely with their assigned policy-making function.

This, perhaps more than any other factor, succeeded in splitting the board into two sides. It also probably helped Garner decide to resign when he did.

The problem seems not to be that some directors feel the board should be policy-oriented while others favor an administrative-oriented approach. The problem stems from the degree to which

Board members feel the Board should become involved in administrative matters in the district.

Some observers view the Board situation as a conflict between what can only be termed conservative and liberal forces. They view, in particular, Garner, Piro and the principals of some of the older schools as conservative forces because of their reluctance to proceed

as fast as some people would like. This trend is evidenced by their lack of willingness to delve into administration, their unwillingness to try innovative school programs and their desire to keep the budget down.

The same people view other board members, especially Campbell and Dr. Raymond F. Sheets as men who are progressive and willing to innovate. By

the same token, the more conservative see these men as menaces, who want to proceed too fast for comfort.

Depending on the outcome of Monday's election, the conflict between Board members could be resolved or continued. Among the nine candidates, however, it seems that the new question will be not "liberal or conservative?", but rather "how liberal?"

## The candidates present their views on issues facing the board

Editor's Note: This questionnaire was distributed to the School Board candidates to allow them to adequately explain their views and plans to the public. The questions are aimed at focusing on specific issues to allow direct answers to the issues that have concerned the public.

Question 1. Do you think that taxes caused by the school district's expenses are too high? If you do, explain where you think economies can be made in the school district's operations.

CAMPBELL: I feel that the school district's expenditures overall are justified, but the burden on the taxpayer is too heavy because of the inadequate and discriminatory formula upon which the state of Iowa bases its financial aid. Also, we have increased professional staff requirements, a continued building program, and increased enrollment. We have made an attempt to bring teachers' and employees' salaries in line with other wage-earning groups. All of these efforts can only mean increased ex-

pense to the district. It is my hope that once a new superintendent has made a thorough profile study of personnel, something in the way of a savings can be accomplished. We may not realize this goal, but it will be a beginning.

CLINE: Yes, I feel that administrative expenses are an area where we might be more cost-conscious. I would advocate a policy of close scrutiny, if not holding the line, with regard to hiring of additional administrators, supervisors and specialists.

DANE: Everyone is in favor of better education and opposed to higher taxes. It is difficult to have both. I feel there are definite areas where economies can be made: one is building construction, another is to make more efficient use of our existing facilities.

ENGEL: Relative to what? To the citizen who pays these taxes, directly or indirectly, I am sure they must seem very high. But I am afraid it is wishful thinking to assume that taxes will diminish under the current structure. I

doubt that relief can be expected in any appreciable amount by instituting economies in our district's operation. But, rather, answers to the problem of rising taxes will have to be found on a state-wide level, probably requiring legislation leading to a new source of school funds and broader distribution among the cities of the state for the schools' support.

MRS. FRANKLIN: Yes, I feel taxes are definitely too high — but until we find new ways to finance our schools, I see little hope for relief. However, I do feel we can economize somewhat in areas such as a more standardized building plan for elementary schools, and a re-evaluation of administrative functions.

MOE: If I felt the spending policies of the present Board had been carelessly arrived at or irresponsibly allocated, I might be able to say "Yes." I do not believe that this has been the case. I do believe, however, that the property tax bears an excessively heavy share of the cost of education. Furthermore,

in Iowa City, the loss of tax revenue from tax-exempt University facilities, churches and hospitals places a particularly heavy load on our citizens. Future boards must study other avenues of financial assistance. One area would be the encouragement of more aggressive action on the part of the Iowa Association of School Boards to work for a revenue sharing plan at the state level or a supplemental local option tax on income or sales.

RADIG: Because of the importance of education, it is difficult to say that the amount spent for education is ever too high. However, it is possible that certain expenditures are not providing a benefit equal to their cost. The comparison of costs in this district with other districts would justify a more detailed inquiry. This should include a comprehensive review of the budget, with particular emphasis on the areas of major expenditure, to ascertain whether some further economies can be accomplished.

MRS. SPIVEY: The natural inclina-

tion from a harried taxpayer is to say yes. Yet, one must realize: the stringent rules of bonding and support imposed by the state government; the honest desire to provide a well-rounded educational program; the high cost of new schools; and, the relatively large amount of property which is tax exempt. In this context, and realizing further that the present educational budget is without large areas of excess spending, we can more readily understand the high taxes which confront the taxpayer for education. My feeling is that we must protect our educational investment and utilize the tax dollar to its maximum effect.

STIER: I feel that taxes are high; however, with all the non-taxable industry and government property in Iowa City this can be expected. I feel such cities as Iowa City, Ames and Cedar Falls should be able to get more state aid because of this problem — similar to government aid in public law 874.

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# Candidates Disagree over the Board's Role

**Question 2: Is there a need for a vocational educational program? How great is this need? Are we meeting this need adequately now in the school district? What specific changes do you advocate?**



ARTHUR CAMPBELL

**Campbell:** There is a definite need for a vocational education program. At the present, little is being done for the student who does not wish to pursue a university or college program. I would like to see, upon recommendation of our trades and vocational counselors, an expanded work-study program and the establishment, over a period of time, of a regional vocational-industrial center with more complete and detailed local industry, co-operative programs. A single school district cannot handle big vocational programs alone.

**Cline:** Yes. The need is quite great in order to offer simply a more community-oriented curriculum. We are not meeting the need adequately in the district and I would be in favor of shifting the emphasis to achieve a better balance between college preparatory courses to courses in business machines, computer training, mechanics or any course designed to impart a sense of craftsmanship to a student.

**Dane:** There is a definite need for vocational training for students who cannot or will not go on to college. The school district has recently expanded its vocational education program and should continue to do so to meet the needs of students in this category.

**Engel:** There are curricular programs in the area of vocational-technical education now. I propose not only a careful study of what additional programs we may need in our district, but an evaluation of the needs the alumni of our schools have faced after graduation. Since we cannot realistically meet the specific needs of every student in our schools, we will need to identify the kinds of skills and backgrounds which will best fit the student for immediate usefulness in the world of work. Because we live in a period of vast and rapid technological change, skills and programs may have a tendency to become quickly obsolete. This is why we must identify and implement programs that will have some transfer and staying power regardless of where the student seeks employment.

**Mrs. Franklin:** Yes, there is a need for a vocational educational program. We are meeting the need adequately at this time with the expansion this year of a new automotive mechanic course. I advocate continuing improvement in this area as soon as funds are available, with specific consideration of the student who has difficulty with textbook comprehension.

**Moe:** Definitely. The need for vocational education is justified by a substantial percentage of our students who do not intend to go on to college. Much more ought to be done in this area by our school district. There is a need throughout our society to restore the nobility of this kind of craftsmanship. Steps that could be taken include expansion of pre-vocational training, an exploratory course in the vocational trades which would allow the student to become acquainted with a variety of vocational opportunities of this type, more industrial arts courses at the high school level and English and social studies courses oriented towards these students.

**Radig:** The educational program should help to prepare all of the students for their future life. Particularly for those students who will not be attending college, some training should be given which will enable them to earn a respectable living and to find a proper place in our society.

ety. With increased specialization and the greater need for people with manual skills, the program of the district should be expanded.

**Mrs. Spivey:** Yes. The need is great, since one-third to one-half of our graduates are not entering or completing college. Aware that the complexion of the community is changing as it is expanding, we must ascertain the prospective job opportunities, both locally and nationally, and make vocational training available in these areas. The auto mechanics course now being instituted into the district is a beginning. Definite plans must include facilities, professional staff and counseling to insure that students benefit appropriately to their needs and desires. The eventual return to the community from a well-rounded program will be sizeable and impressive.

**Stier:** Yes, there is a need for a more extensive vocational program. Iowa City for years has been geared for the liberal arts student and we all know that not everyone is college-level in intelligence. More courses should be made available such as photo engraving, plastics and courses with trade tools.

**Question 3: Do you view the School Board as a policy making body or as both a policy making body and administrative body. Give examples of issues you think the board should or should not be involved in.**

**Campbell:** The School Board is a policy making body. This function works if the board has confidence in the administration and in the changes in policy or educational procedures that they propose to the board. When a board has to spend its time administering policy, it only means that the administration has not accomplished its job. The Board of Education is ultimately responsible to the community and, by necessity, it must from time to time be involved in administrative matters. There is often not a clear line between policy and administrative matters. Everyone knows that who has had experience with even small organizations.

**Cline:** I view the School Board as a policy making body. The board should not be involved in the day-to-day operation of the schools nor should the board be involved in the teacher selection and hiring procedures as it has in the recent past. I would favor a uniform, equitable teacher selection procedure with the emphasis



DANIEL MOE

sis being placed on the department chairman and the final Board approval of the selections of the administration being a mere formality.

**Dane:** I feel the School Board should be a policy making body only. The only exception is when the board negotiates directly with teacher representatives to establish salaries, working conditions and settle major grievances.

**Engel:** The line between policy making and administration is a very fine one. Generally speaking, when a superintendent and a Board have full confidence in one another, the problem resolves itself. Of course, there are certain functions which the state determines as the proper responsibility of the Board. Normally, the Board has neither the time nor the expertise required for day-to-day administrative decision making and will spend its time establishing guidelines and policies within which the central administration and the teaching staff can carry on the daily operations with confidence and dispatch. All segments of the teaching-learning community should be involved in all the problems of the district, but not all in the same way or in the same degree.

**Mrs. Franklin:** I view the

Board as a policy making body. The board must hire the superintendent and provide adequate buildings and funds for this operation. I think the Board should not be involved in the day-to-day administrative decisions.

**Moe:** I view the School Board as a policy making body and the appointment of a new superintendent should serve to clarify the policy making function of the Board. The new Board must look until it can find an individual whose administrative decisions it can respect. It will be the responsibility



PHILIP CLINE

ity of the Board, however, to evaluate the effectiveness of its administrators.

**Radig:** The Board has full responsibility for the operation of the school system. However, its role should be primarily that of a policy making body. The Iowa Statutes specifically provide for a chief executive officer, the superintendent, to whom authority can be delegated. The Board should be involved in the types of school programs that will be provided, the determination of the number and types of personnel who should be hired, the scale of salaries for personnel and the study and approval of the level of expenditures and changes in physical plant of a material nature and other items that cannot appropriately be delegated.

**Mrs. Spivey:** The School Board is clearly a policy making body. The Board is exclusively charged with developing administrative guidelines. On the other hand, the implementation of these guidelines is clearly the task of the administration. With clear guidelines, and mutual respect between the Board and administration, communication should be maintained and little or no differences should arise between the two groups.

**Stier:** The School Board is a policy making body. It should hire a new superintendent and turn the administrative duties over to him. From that time on the Board should set the policies and the superintendent and his administration should carry them out.

**Question 4: Is there too much money being spent per pupil in the school district or is too little being spent per pupil?**

**Campbell:** The question of per pupil cost is always one which is open to debate. I think that the community largely dictates this figure. When a community demands excellence in instruction, better than average facilities and adequate salaries and shows a genuine concern about the education of its children, the per pupil costs will reflect all this. Iowa City is about average in the nation. It is slightly higher than other Iowa communities, but none of the other communities have the kind of community we have here.

**Cline:** There is too much money being spent per pupil in the school district. We are spending more per pupil than any of the other 21 largest school districts in the state. Comparisons that I've accomplished refute arguments that our high costs are attributable to our tremendous growth coupled with the fact that we have the University in town. All the 21 other districts that are spending so measurably less per pupil (Ames \$23 per pupil less, Cedar Rapids \$49 less, Mason City \$72 less, Dubuque \$139 less, Davenport \$185 less, and Muscatine \$270 less) cannot be so wrong and cannot be offering, in all cases, a poorer education for their children.

**Dane:** It is an accepted fact that Iowa City spends more per student than any of the 21 other largest school districts in Iowa. If the others can give their students quality education for substantially less cost per student, I feel we must increase our efficiency to get better utilization of

our educational system.

**Engel:** I have already implied my feeling on this in my answer to the first question. I have no reason to believe that our per pupil costs are too high, but then I ask once again. Relative to what? If you are thinking of the statistics some of our candidates are quoting from Project Fact, I can only say that those figures are subject to interpretation. Moreover, I have three sons in the district whom I believe are receiving a quality education. If we can reduce the per pupil costs and maintain or improve this quality, I am in favor of doing so.

**Mrs. Franklin:** Per pupil benefits as well as per pupil costs must be taken into consideration in deciding if there is too much or too little money being spent.

**Moe:** The amount of money being spent per pupil in our district is within established guidelines. A comparison with other school districts can be misleading. Our per pupil ratios are based on figures which include some non-teaching personnel. When this factor is considered, the amount per student does not appear to be excessive.

**Radig:** It appears from the comparison with other districts that the cost per pupil is high relative to the other districts. However, as the University is located in the district, we should expect that the Board in this district should strive to be at the forefront in education. This would tend to cause the cost per pupil to be higher and perhaps avoid any conclusion that the cost per pupil is too high. Any definite conclusion in this regard is very difficult without a careful study.

**Mrs. Spivey:** Our relative standing is extremely high. Hopefully this could be reduced in the future. Yet, we must realize the per pupil cost reflects our already excellent educational system. Again, I would state that speaking in terms of too little or too much is inappropriate. We must speak in terms of educational benefits for money expended.

**Stier:** I think this depends on what type of education is desired. I feel the citizens in Iowa City should consider ourselves fortunate that we have the high quality of education that our children are receiving. Because of this high level of education, we have to pay the price per pupil that we are spending in our district.

**Question 5: Does the school district have too much staff, such as too many administrators?**

**Campbell:** I am of the opinion that we are somewhat top heavy in administration. I find that in discussing this question with chief executive officers of much larger systems than ours, this may well be the case. This is one of the areas that I intend to research, if elected. I think that the first order of business of the new Board and superintendent will be to review this administrative structure and make whatever changes are necessary. Our system, like many others, needs



EUGENE RADIG

this type of scrutiny because, all too often, administrative positions have been created to give someone a job rather than to respond to a real need.

**Cline:** The school district appears to have too much staff. Comparisons in a comprehensive study prepared on this university campus disclose that Iowa City has 196 pupils per administrator-supervisor. Ames has 295 pupils per administrator-supervisor, Mason City has 309 pupils per administrator-supervisor, Cedar Rapids has 363 pupils per administrator-supervisor. I'm aware of different philosophies regarding the balance between teachers and staff-administrative personnel and personally feel that the emphasis should lie with low pupil per teacher ratio in comparison with the 21 other

largest schools in the state and furthermore enjoy a low pupil per administrator-supervisor ratio. I submit that the latter should be a subject of closer scrutiny.

**Dane:** As the number of students increase, more administrators are needed to conduct school business. We do not have too many staff administrators, but the structure of the administrative staff could be improved.

**Engel:** The number of staff and administrators in a school district should be determined primarily by the job to be done. All such decisions must be made on the basis of the district and through careful analysis and program planning. While I am eager to evaluate all of our problems and costs relative to



JOHN DANE

the educational goals of the district, I have full confidence that our current staff size represents the result of the considered thinking, judgment and planning of previous boards. Educational goals which may differ from district to district may account for differences among school systems of similar size. I stand ready to support the reduction or expansion of staff on the basis of a careful evaluation of what is needed to achieve our commonly valued and established goals.

**Mrs. Franklin:** One of the major responsibilities of the new School Board would be to study the relationship between the number of administrators and the vital functions to be performed in the school system. Then, and only then, can this question be answered completely.

**Moe:** About 5.7 per cent of the budget for the past year is spent on administration. There is little, if any, which can justifiably be deleted from this amount.

**Radig:** Arriving at a sound conclusion with respect to this matter would require a careful inquiry into the precise expenditures that are being made and the contributions to the school system that are derived from them. The views and philosophy of the superintendent should be given careful consideration in this regard.

**Mrs. Spivey:** The staff, in my opinion, is not in excess. The central administration has places for seven professional members. Hopefully, the new superintendent would see little need for adding more. The important thing to consider is the effectiveness of the administrative, professional and supportive staff.

**Stier:** Until a person has time to do a more complete study of this area and make comparisons, I do not feel one can say "yes" or "no." However, in comparing the table of organization of our system with a Cedar Rapids board member, he did not feel Iowa City is top heavy in administrators. In grouping Iowa City with 21 of the largest cities in Iowa, we spent 7 per cent of our budget for administration costs, which was about average.

**Question 6: How would you change the curriculum in the schools?**

**Campbell:** The curriculum which is now in operation is generally sound by current standards. I do feel that we can make it stronger without cost to the district. For example, we can make better use of University facilities for all types of learners, we can utilize the computer and Measurement Research Center for more efficient class scheduling (large and small group instruction where possible), we can conduct inservice training in modular scheduling techniques when possible and we can use the vast pool of resource people which we have in the community. I frequently asked University people for assistance and advice when I was teaching here and always

got it. I never had anything but cooperation and concern from anyone in the community that I asked for help.

**Cline:** I would be quite receptive to any curricular innovations, in addition to expanding our vocational education program, which would better prepare our students for assuming their chosen roles in today's rapidly changing society. I find the ideas of modular instructional methods and team teaching exciting and would welcome the opportunity to expand these methods.

**Dane:** I would not attempt to change any curriculum personally. On recommendation from the administration, I would favor initiating new teaching methods and broadening the choice of subjects as the need arises.

**Engel:** I would not be prepared to make recommendations regarding changes in the curriculum in our schools at this time without a careful evaluation of our needs and current programs. Moreover, decisions of this kind should only be made in consultation with those who are professionally trained in such matters, namely the superintendent and his teaching and supporting staff.

**Mrs. Franklin:** One of the major functions of the School Board is to encourage teachers and administrators to study and evaluate curriculum. This I would do.

**Moe:** In order to be consistent with my response to Question 3, I would say that it is not my business to change curriculum. However, if the director of curriculum development should approach me as a board member with some specific proposals, I would be responsive to any changes which prepared our children to cope more adequately with a constantly changing world. I would be most responsive to changes which seemed to imply that those in charge of curriculum were concerned not only with techniques of teaching and learning but, also, with the question, "What is WORTH learning?"

**Radig:** I would make no changes in the curriculum without first having an opportunity to review and discuss the matter with the administrative staff. Courses in conjunction with an expanded vocational education program would be given early consideration.

**Mrs. Spivey:** Clearly and explicitly, I have stated that the board's function is one of policy making. Curriculum change is primarily an administrative function. Certainly such innovations as a trial on the modular system or year-round scheduling would appear to be policy decisions. Yet curricular change can only be the province of the administration.

**Stier:** I feel that the teachers should be involved in any curriculum changes. I would rather hear their ideas and then make my recommendations. After all, they are the ones who are executing this program and are responsible for the teaching of our children.

**Question 7: In what ways do you feel you are qualified to be on the School Board?**

**Campbell:** I feel that my close association with the public school education as a teacher and as a board member for the past two years has given me the necessary experience to be an effective board member. I



MRS. NANCY SPIVEY

know the urgent problems facing education in this country and this community; and, over the past twenty years, I have given much thought and effort towards their solution.

**Cline:** I feel that I am qualified to be on the Board by virtue of my background which will lend itself to an increased cost-consciousness in several areas coupled with the fact of my life-long residence in the district and my attendance in the Iowa City school system. I

will be a working board member who can be relied on to make objective, knowledgeable decisions only after weighing all facts and circumstances relevant to a specific matter.

**Dane:** Having served on boards of directors of several organizations, I feel I have a basic understanding of board-administration procedure. I offer independent, constructive decisions based on careful appraisal of the issues involved.

**Engel:** My adult life has been spent in working with people in the identification and pursuit of basic goals of social institutions. I believe I have the ability to communicate with others and to facilitate the achieving of commonly valued goals. More particularly, my professional career has been and is devoted to educational programs and problems. Finally, I have been a resident of this district for eleven years and have three sons enrolled in the public school system. Their welfare is of the utmost concern to me.

**Mrs. Franklin:** I am an interested taxpayer, having owned property in Iowa City for 28 years. I am a concerned parent — concerned with the education of not only my own children but all children. I feel that I am familiar with many methods of formal education from my own experiences in a country school through the University level. I am open to new ideas, however, and I don't subscribe to them just because they are new; neither do I hold on to the old ideas just because they are comfortable and have met the needs of the past.

**Moe:** The most important activity of the Board is the ordering of educational priorities. No one will argue with the contention that it is the individual

salary is still too low, but overall the teachers have made great gains in terms of the dollar. I do not think that one can cut back on the district's expenses by holding the line on teachers' salaries. We are in competition for teachers.

**Cline:** If we must use the word ADEQUATE, I would say that current teachers' salaries are adequate. Holding the line on teachers' salaries would be an ill-advised economy measure.

**Dane:** Teachers are no longer the forgotten segment of our society. Teachers' salaries should continue to increase so that they may share in the economic growth of our country.

**Engel:** The demands for imagination, psychic energy and professional ability we make on our teachers require material rewards commensurate to the task. Of course, these rewards do not replace the need for loyalty and commitment required of a good teacher. Salaries should not only be competitive, but they should be high enough to attract and retain personnel of the highest quality and greatest promise. Certainly, they will not be cut back.

**Mrs. Franklin:** If the Iowa City school system is to continue to attract and keep high-

child and all that affects his intellectual, emotional and physical well-being which heads the list. What can be argued, however, are the precise ways in which the available funds should be allocated so as to best serve these needs. I run with the conviction that my ordering of these priorities can be trusted and respected.

**Radig:** I have had a life-long interest in education and have spent a long time in the educational process. The school district is involved in a sizable business operation. With over eleven years of experience as a practicing attorney and with three years of experience as an accountant and auditor (qualified as a certified public accountant), I feel that I can make a particular contribution in the areas of financial and business problems.

**Mrs. Spivey:** As a member of the Iowa City community for thirteen years and a mother of two children in the Iowa City schools, I am concerned that we insure all our children the best possible education. I have been a teacher at City High, at University High and in the adult education program. My varied experience and background in the school system would be beneficial as a board member. I come to the position as an interested citizen and mother, open-minded, with a variety of educational experiences, yet representing no special interest group. I am willing and able to spend the hours necessary to develop informed guidelines as a member of the Board. As a member of your School Board, my purpose and pledge would be to insure that our schools provide appropriate educational experiences — of the highest quality — for all our children.

**Stier:** I feel my educational background, being a citizen of Iowa City for 17 years, being a parent with three children in our public school system and a taxpayer and property owner qualifies me to be on the School Board, along with my sincere and dedicated desire to

serve on the Board.

**Question 8: Are the teachers' salaries adequate in the Iowa City school district? If you were to hold the line on the district's expenses, would this mean a cutback in teachers' salaries or, at least, a holding of the line on their salaries?**

**Campbell:** With the wage increase and fringe benefit program that was adopted last year by the Board of Education, Iowa City took a great step forward in teacher welfare and salaries. True, the beginning



MRS. MARY FRANKLIN

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serve on the Board.

Registration For C...  
Registration recreation pr... will begin a... at the Recr... S. Gilbert St...  
Registration every week... 5 p.m. until... ed.  
Advanced... quired and... the time of... istrations th... ephoned in... cepted. Cla... for 10 week...  
Arts and... will begin th... are:  
Hobby Cr... 3:30 p.m. on... Monday and... \$5. Projects... ers.  
Painting... p.m. Mon... sketching, ... color and... Fee \$5 plus...  
Painting... p.m. or 7:30... nesday. Inc... and oil pai... materials.  
Ceramic I... 3:30 p.m. o... Tuesday a... cludes han... potter's wh... glazes. Fee... and instruc...  
Flower A... 3:30 p.m... Thursday... flower arr... fresh and... used. Fee... Ceramics... through 8... day. Includ... of potter's...  
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Treasury Secretary David M. Kennedy testifies for the second day Friday before the Senate Finance Committee. One of his proposals, the exemption of four million taxpayers from the chore of itemizing deductions, came under fire from Committee Chairman Russell B. Long (D-La.), who wants to relieve 11.8 million taxpayers of the task. Before the meeting, Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield (D-Montana) said the tax reform bill may be postponed until next year if the legislative backlog is not eased before the Senate adjourns. — AP Wirephoto

### Kennedy on Tax Reform

## Registration Begins Monday For City Recreation Classes

Registration for Iowa City recreation program fall classes will begin at 9 a.m. Monday at the Recreation Center, 220 S. Gilbert St.

Registration will be held every weekday from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. until the classes are filled.

Advanced registration is required and the fee is due at the time of registration. Registrations that have been telephoned in will not be accepted. Classes meet weekly for 10 weeks.

Arts and crafts classes that will begin the week of Sept. 29 are:

Hobby Crafters — 1:30 to 3:30 p.m. or 7:30 to 9:30 p.m. Monday and Wednesday. Fee \$5. Projects decided by crafters.

Painting I — 1:30 to 3:30 p.m. Monday. Includes sketching, charcoal, water color and figure drawing. Fee \$5 plus materials.

Painting II — 1:30 to 3:30 p.m. or 7:30 to 9:30 p.m. Wednesday. Includes water color and oil painting. Fee \$5 plus materials.

Ceramic I and II — 1:30 to 3:30 p.m. or 7:30 to 9:30 p.m. Tuesday and Thursday. Includes handmolding, use of potter's wheel and applying glazes. Fee of \$8 includes tools and instruction.

Flower Arranging — 1:30 to 3:30 p.m. or 7:30 to 9 p.m. Thursday. Includes Japanese flower arranging with both fresh and dried materials used. Fee \$5 plus materials.

Ceramics for grades 4 through 8 — 4 to 6 p.m. Tuesday. Includes handmolding, use of potter's wheel and applying glazes. Fee of \$8 includes tools and instruction.

Classes will also be offered for preschool children on Monday or Wednesday at 10 or 10:50 a.m. All children's classes are 45 minutes long.

Adult swimming classes will also be offered, with a women's beginner class on Monday at 10:50 a.m. and 9 p.m. The men's beginner class will meet Wednesday at 9 p.m.

## Hearing Set In Slayings In Michigan

ANN ARBOR, Mich. — A 22-year-old Eastern Michigan University student was arraigned on a first-degree murder charge today in the latest of seven unsolved coed murders.

The defendant, John Norman Collins, stood mute at the brief hearing before Washtenaw County Circuit Judge John W. Conlin.

The judge set Sept. 17 as the date for hearing defense motions.

Collins is accused of strangling Karen Sue Beineman, 18, a freshman at the university, and of dumping her nude body on a lonely road on the outskirts of Ann Arbor, about 15 miles from Ypsilanti.

Collins, who is being held without bond, was remanded to the custody of the Washtenaw County sheriff.

The seven young women were killed during a two-year period in the Ypsilanti-Ann Arbor area. Three of them were Eastern Michigan coeds, while two others were students at the University of Michigan.

## Ray Raps Senate Ethics Proposal

DES MOINES — There are advantages and disadvantages to the proposed broadening of the Iowa Senate's code of ethics, Gov. Robert D. Ray said Friday.

He told a news conference he would support broadening of the code, provided it didn't interfere with lawmakers' means of making a living.

The Senate Ethics Committee, acquiesced Senate Majority Leader David Stanley (R-Muscatine) of charges that he violated the newly adopted ethical code by appearing before two local boards of tax review to urge lower property assessments for two firms.

The code requires senators, in appearing before state agencies, to "carefully avoid all conduct which might in any way lead members of the general public to conclude he is using his official position to further his professional success or personal interest."

The committee said local boards of tax review aren't state agencies and therefore Stanley didn't violate the code of ethics. But it admonished him that if a state agency had been involved there would have been a serious question whether his conduct violated the code. The group recommended that the code be broadened to cover appearances by senators before local groups.

Ray said that broadening of the code might interfere with the work lawyers are required to do and might discourage lawyers from serving in the legislature. That wouldn't be good for Iowa, he said.

"We don't want professional legislators who come to Des Moines and work all year long," Ray said. "We want individuals who work on the local level, pay local taxes and send their children to local schools."

But on the other hand, he said, legislators should not use their influence for personal gain.

## The Daily Iowan's University Calendar

- WSJI HIGHLIGHTS:**
  - 10:00 KEYBOARD MUSIC: Ralph Kirkpatrick, harpsichordist, plays Preludes and Fugues Nos. 13-19 from the Well-Tempered Clavier, Part I, by Bach.
  - 12:45 NEWS BACKGROUND: Denny Crimmins and Russell Lyne discuss the crisis in the arts, on this program from the BBC.
  - 1:00 20TH CENTURY COMPOSERS: Samson François plays Prokofiev's Piano Concerto No. 5 in G, Op. 55, with the Philharmonic Orchestra, Witold Rowicki conducting; violinist Louis Kraemer plays Schoenberg's Violin Concerto, Op. 35, accompanied by the Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra of New York, Mitropoulos conducting.
  - 2:00 CHALLENGE '67: Dr. Harvey Cox, author of "The Secular City," speaks on "The Role of the Church."
  - 3:00 MUSICAL: Beethoven's King Stephen Overture, Pierre Monteux conducting the London Symphony Orchestra; Helma Elmer solos with the Pro Musica Orchestra of Stuttgart, Rolf Reinhardt conducting, playing Bach's Concerto for No. 1 in D Minor for Harpsichord and String Orchestra; pianist Nicole Henriot-Schweitzer plays d'Indy's Symphony on a French Mountain Air, Op. 25, with the Boston Symphony Orchestra conducted by Charles Munch.
  - 5:00 SPECIAL OF THE WEEK: Edward Collegian, a member of the New York City law firm representing Columbia University, discusses dual jurisdiction and recent legislation passed in New York concerning students.
  - 5:30 EVENING CONCERT: Violinist Nathan Milstein and cellist Leonard Stein play Brahms' Double Concerto in A Minor, Op. 102, with the Robin Hood Dell Orchestra of Philadelphia, Fritz Reininger conducting; Mozart's Requiem Mass in D Minor, K. 626, as recorded by soloists, the Robert Shaw Chorale and the RCA Victor Orchestra, conducted by Robert Shaw.
  - 7:00 CASPER CITRON: Sir Robert Thompson, consultant to the Rand Corporation, expert on counter-insurgency warfare, and author of "No Exit from Vietnam," discusses the strategy of the Vietnamese and the failure of American strategy in the Vietnam War.
  - 8:00 FROM THE BBC: "The Open Road," from a short story by Stephen Crane recreating his fifty-hour struggle for life in the open sea.
  - 10:30 LITERARY TOPICS: Canadian poet Wayne Clifford, formerly of the Writers' Workshop, and printer Kim Merker of the U. of I. Department of English, discuss Gary Snyder's book of poetry, "Regarding Wave," from which selections have been read by the author on previous programs in this series.

— WELCOME —  
Worship Services Resume  
7 SEPT. — 10:15 a.m.

**St. Paul's University Lutheran Chapel**  
404 E. JEFFERSON ST.

Holy Eucharist and a different Liturgy every Sunday  
— Dialog Sermons —

Student Congregation, Student Governed, Student Powered

7 Sept. — "Participatory Prayer, Prelude to and Part of Action."  
14 Sept. — "Lutheran Campus Ministry — What is it?"  
Pastor Hoenk Pastor Narveson  
21 Sept. — "Values of Educated People to the Institution Church."  
28 Sept. — "What is a University?" - Pres. Willard Boyd

Supper, Seminars, Counseling — 5:15 p.m. Sundays

## Parents Upset with Unfinished School

Parents dissatisfied with conditions at Horace Mann School, 509 S. Dubuque St., and Longfellow School, 1130 Seymour Ave. The parents' main objections are cement floors in two kindergarten rooms at Mann and walls with patches of plaster or new walls with no primer paint. Mrs. Phillip Holmer, president of the Mann Parents Association, said Friday that if school officials agreed to a large rug for one of the kindergarten rooms and primer paint on the worst walls, the parents would be happy.

"The parents realize," she said, "that the remodeling could not be completed entirely this summer. They're saying just make it liveable. It doesn't have to be perfect." One of the kindergarten rooms about which the parents are concerned is already equipped with a rug. The teacher who uses the room paid for the rug, Mrs. Holland said.

# DAILY IOWAN WANT ADS

<b>ROOMS FOR RENT</b> SINGLE — MALE. Walking distance. Private refrigerator. 337-9038. 10-4 SINGLE ROOMS — male — graduates preferred, parking. 337-3589. 9-12 NICE ROOMS for girls. Close to campus. Dial 338-6518. 8-30 ROOM FOR graduate woman. No smoking, no cooking, linens, walking distance. 315 S. Johnson. 10-3 SINGLE, doubles, men or women, kitchen privileges, TV. 351-7726. 338-6513. 9-27 ONE HALF of double room — male, close in. Dial 331-3333. 9-30 SINGLES AND DOUBLES — men or women. Kitchen, television. 331-7726. 338-6513. 9-27 GIRLS — two singles, one double. Well equipped kitchenette. 445.00. 337-2447. 9-26	<b>APPROVED ROOMS</b> QUIET SINGLE ROOM for male student close to University Hospitals. 333-3268 or 338-8859. 9-16 <b>BARN FOR SALE</b> TEN ACRES and large home. Also 225 acre farm. Phone 337-4437. 10-11 <b>TYPING SERVICE</b> TYPING, short papers, theses. Downtown. Phone 337-3943. 9-30 ELECTRIC TYPEWRITER, piece, elite. Letters, short papers, theses. Evenings 351-2519. 9-27 MARY V. BURNS: typing, mimeography, Notary Public. 415 Iowa State Bank Building. 337-2656. 9-27 JERRY NYALL: Electric IBM typing service. Phone 338-1339. 9-12 ELECTRIC TYPING — editing, experience. Call 351-5812. 8-11	<b>AUTOS, CYCLES FOR SALE</b> 1966 CHEVELLE 396 Super Sport 4 speed, blue with black interior. \$1,395. 337-7255. 10-6 1967 BUICK SKYLARK convertible — going overseas. Phone 338-5394. 9-13 B.S.A., NEWLY rewired, extensive engine work just completed, new parts. Evenings. 338-4531. 9-12 1968 CORVETTE Coupe. Perfect. 1938 Chevy station wagon \$99.00. 17 foot fiber glass boat with 30 H.P. Mercury, good condition including trailer, cover, skis. \$975.00. Dr. Chizek. 351-2299 or 338-0525, ext. 215. 9-8 1965 HONDA 300 Super-Hawk. Call West Liberty 627-2056. 10-31 AUTO INSURANCE. Grinnell Mutual young men testing program. Wessel Agency. 1202 Highland Court. Office 351-2459; home 337-3483. 9-27 1967 HONDA CA 160cc. 3,700 miles. Excellent condition. 338-3444. 9-11 <b>MISC. FOR SALE</b> PERSIAN LAMB black 32" cape / muff — Cowie label, excellent condition. \$50.00. Old locket watch, old jewelry, wire glasses. Collect. 667-2176 South English, Iowa. 9-11 WHIRLPOOL washer and dryer, GE electric stove, Whirlpool dishwasher, Frigidaire, bedroom set, twin beds, complete, chest, desk, 12'x18' rug and misc. 338-1318. 9-6 SMITH-CORONA typewriter, wide carriage, excellent condition. Cedar Rapids 364-2209. 9-10 MOBILE AND BASE CB Radios, antennas, mast, etc. Reasonable. 643-5459 West Branch evenings. 9-5 65 ACRE FARM joining Sugar Bottom government ground. Has old house, barn and deep well. Mostly high ground with good view. Whiting-Kerr Realty. 337-2123, evenings 1-646-2560. 9-9 USED FURNITURE, appliances, clothing, dishes, electrical and plumbing fixtures. Yeomans' Salvage Co. 800 S. Dubuque, 337-2337. 9-6 BOUGHT AND SOLD furniture appliances, dishes, etc. Dial 656-2932 or 656-2381. 9-23	<b>Want Ad Rates</b> Three Days ..... 20c a Word Five Days ..... 23c a Word Ten Days ..... 29c a Word One Month ..... 55c a Word Minimum Ad 10 Words <b>CLASSIFIED DISPLAY ADS</b> One Insertion a Month .. \$1.50* Five Insertions a Month .. \$1.35* Ten Insertions a Month .. \$1.20* *Rates for Each Column Inch <b>PHONE 337-4191</b> <b>HELP WANTED</b> HELP WANTED FULL TIME DAY HELP. Cook and cashier. Night and weekend cooks. Part-time 11:30 a.m. to 1 p.m. Apply in person Henry's Drive-In, Highway 6 West. 10-61 COLLEGE MEN, earn \$60.00 to \$125.00 a week. Must have car and willing to work 20 hours a week. Call R. V. Humpley at 626-2221 from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m. 9-11 CAR HOP FOR DAYS, full or part-time. Student or student wife. Apply in person, A&W Drive-In, Corvallis. 10-41 PART-TIME PRESSER. Experience desirable. Ewers Men's Store, 28 S. Clinton. 9-12 STUDENT or wife to operate Drive-In Dairy Store. 337-5571. 9-30 FULL TIME and part-time salesmen. Apply in person. Ewers Men's Store, 28 S. Clinton. 9-5 <b>SPORTSMAN'S LOUNGE</b> Needs full time bartender-partner for Dugout. Also part time bartenders, full and part time waitresses, full time salad girl and part time kitchen help. Phone 351-9603 or 351-9977 for appointment. <b>GEORGE'S GOURMET</b> Needs Full and part-time WAITRESSES PIZZA MAKERS STEAM TABLE MEN DELIVERY MEN (over 24 years old preferred) Also need help on lunchtimes, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. Apply in Person GEORGE'S GOURMET <b>WANTED</b> and <b>LINOTYPE OPERATOR</b> Full or Part-Time — See — Mr. Schmeichel THE DAILY IOWAN
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# USE CLASSIFIED ADS

Write ad below using one blank for each word.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.
13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.
25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.

Print Name-Address-Phone No. Below:  
NAME ..... PHONE No. ....  
ADDRESS ..... CITY ..... ZIP CODE .....

**To Figure Cost:** Count the number of words in your ad... then multiply the number of words by the rate below. Be sure to count address and/or phone number. See sample ad.

1 DAY	15c per word	The sample ad at left contains 10 words. The cost for five insertions would be 10 x 23c or \$2.30.
3 DAYS	20c per word	
5 DAYS	23c per word	
7 DAYS	26c per word	
10 DAYS	30c per word	
1 MONTH	35c per word	Cost equal (NUMBER WORDS) (rate per word)

Clip this order blank and mail or bring with your check to:  
**The DAILY IOWAN**  
Room 201 — Communications Center  
College and Madison Streets Iowa City, Iowa 52240

# Nagel Pleased With Friday's Practice— Hawkeyes Work Out in Stadium

# Gonzales Ousted at Open; Ashe, Laver Meet in Semis

By MIKE SLUTSKY  
Sports Editor

Iowa's football team will hold a scrimmage today beginning at 3:15 p.m. in Iowa Stadium. Coach Ray Nagel announced after practice Friday.

Friday's practice, a direct contrast from Thursday's afternoon session.

"The offense looked pretty good today," Nagel said. "They showed good improvement in play execution."

Friday's was not a full scale scrimmage, the type Nagel had put the squad through the past four days.

Instead, the Hawks went through a skeleton scrimmage

which was geared to give the offense work on inside running and passing under pressure.

Nagel said that the defensive secondary was looking better and had special praise for defensive halfbacks Craig Clemens, who intercepted two passes Friday, and Pat Dunningan.

"Clemens looked very good at the defensive corner today," Nagel said. "Dunningan also is showing up well at the other corner."

Quarterback Larry Lawrence was held out of Friday's scrimmage because of a back injury. Nagel said that Lawrence would probably be ready for today's workout.

When asked if there had been any significant improvement in the play of the fullbacks, Nagel said that Tom Smith was blocking much better at the fullback slot and

that he had had by far his best day there this fall. Smith is a 204-pound sophomore from East Waterloo High School, where he was a prep All-America. Smith, listed on the No. 1 team in the latest depth chart released by Iowa, is fighting for the starting berth



TOM SMITH  
Now No. 1 Iowa Fullback

IOWA CITY  
TYPEWRITER CO.  
FREE Pickup and Delivery  
203 1/2 E. Washington 337-5676  
Typewriter  
Repairs and Sales

the MILL Restaurant  
FEATURING  
TAP BEER  
LASAGNE, RAVIOLI  
SUBMARINE SANDWICHES  
STEAK & CHICKEN  
Food Service Open 4 p.m.  
Tap Room Till 2 a.m.  
351-9529  
314 E. Burlington Iowa City

with Marcus Melendez.

Jerry Nelson, a 224-pound sophomore from Bessemer, Ala., who is listed at middle guard, performed at defensive end for a time Friday. Nagel was pleased with what he saw and plans on giving Nelson more work at that spot. Nelson was injured near the end of the scrimmage but the injury did not appear too serious.

Don Osby, sophomore split end from Steubenville, Ohio, and Bill Sheeder, junior fullback from Buffalo, are still hampered with muscle pulls and were held out of Friday's scrimmage.

## Regina Blasts U-High

The Regina Regals pounded the U-High Bluehaws Friday night, 42-0, to kick off the 1969 prep football season for both schools. Quarterback Mike Kennedy sparked the Regals by throwing three touchdown passes and running for one score himself in the renewal of intra-city football in Iowa City.

The Regals ran off to a 32-0 halftime lead and were in command before the middle of the second quarter.

FOREST HILLS, N. Y. (AP)—Defending Champion Arthur Ashe, Jr., and two tough Australian pros—Rod Laver and Tony Roche—moved into the climactic rounds Friday in the U.S. Open Tennis tournament, and the crowd bade a sad farewell to old Pancho Gonzales. Two other Aussie pros battled to no decision for 3 1/2 hours—before being halted by darkness.

Pancho, 41, aching and angry, came to the end of the line in a twice-postponed fourth round match, losing to third-seeded Tony Roche of Australia, his victim a year ago, 6-3, 10-12, 7-5, 6-0.

Ashe, his service crackling, won with surprising ease over 34-year-old Ken Rosewall, once king of the pros, 8-6, 6-3, 6-4, and stormed into the semifinals. His opponent will be Laver, the southpaw court killer from Aus-

tralia who is unbeaten in 28 matches and is seeking the last leg of a professional grand slam.

Laver didn't have it easy. Playing on the outside grandstand court, he had to call upon all his left-handed skill and power to beat a former Queensland mate, Roy Emerson, 4-6, 8-6, 13-11, 6-4.

Ashe and Laver meet today in the semifinals, while the remaining semifinal will be played Sunday as a co-feature of the women's final between Margaret Court of Australia, the heavy favorite, and little Nancy Richey of San Angelo, Tex., with her new serve-and-volley game.

Mrs. Court, cautious and tentative at first, beat Virginia Wade of Britain, the defending ladies' champion, 7-5, 6-0, win-

ning the last nine games. Miss Richey, a former back-court conservative who now relishes in the net game, slashed out a 7-5, 6-3, victory over Rosemary Casals of San Francisco.

Roche, Gonzales' conqueror, must dispose of another hardened American pro, Earl (Butch) Buchholz of St. Louis, in the quarter-finals today for the right to play either Fred Stolle or John Newcombe in the semifinals.

In a match that was played on two courts for 3 1/2 hours, the second-seeded Newcombe and Stolle, three-time Wimbledon runnerup, were 10-10 in the fifth set when the match had to be called by darkness. Stolle won the first two sets, 9-7, 6-3 and Newcombe, the next two 6-1, 6-4. The match will be finished today.

## War May Be Simmering Between ABA, Colleges

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Rumblings of a war that closely resembled that of the pro football hassle of four years ago swirled through the ranks of professional basketball Friday.

There was the statement by Johnny Dee, Notre Dame basketball coach, that he opposed the use of his university's facilities for an American Basketball Association (ABA) game on Oct. 12 because the young pro group had signed Spencer Haywood, University of Detroit star, before his class had been graduated.

Dee also said that he would ask the College Basketball Coaches Association to bar ABA personnel from collegiate games, locker rooms and practices.

There were suggestions that the Pittsburgh Pipers of the ABA might force Connie Hawkins, their erstwhile star, to remain on the sidelines until the end of September when his contract legally expires. Hawkins recently jumped from the Pipers to the Phoenix Suns of the NBA.

Some of the collegians said the scouts and officials identified themselves as ABA representatives. Other athletes said they did not know what club or leagues the men represented.

Rick Mount, Purdue star, and coach George King of the Boilermakers said in a joint statement "that all kinds of calls from people representing themselves to be agents and wanting to talk pro ball" had contacted the athlete. None, however, had

had direct contact with Mount, said King, and "they won't either, because he has a good lawyer."

Frank Layden, coach at Niagara, said that his star, Cal Murphy, had been approached by an ABA team but refused to identify it. He added that Murphy intended to play this season for Niagara and get his degree next June. Murphy was a member of AP's All-America team last season.

Charley Scott of North Carolina and a member of the winning U.S. basketball team in the 1968 Olympics said emphatically he had not been approached.

However, Ray Mears, coach at Tennessee, said he felt "that any college coach with a big man on his squad should be concerned right now from what I hear. I understand the pros are trying to get the top college players by telling them they can get a good bonus now but would not get such a big amount if the pro leagues merge."

## COLE TAKES LEAD—

WALLED LAKE, Mich. (AP)—Bobby Cole, a 21-year-old South African who decided to play in the tournament at the last minute, fired a second-round 68 Friday to go with an opening 67 for a 135 total and the lead in the \$100,000 Michigan Golf Classic.

## Majors Scoreboard



## NATIONAL LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
Chicago	84	54	.609	—
New York	78	57	.578	4 1/2
Pittsburgh	72	61	.541	9 1/2
St. Louis	73	63	.537	10
Philadelphia	55	80	.407	27
Montreal	41	96	.299	42 1/2

**Friday's Results**  
Pittsburgh 9, Chicago 2  
New York 5-2, Philadelphia 1-4  
Atlanta 11, Cincinnati 2  
Houston 2, San Francisco 0  
St. Louis 1, Montreal 0  
Los Angeles at San Diego, N

**Thursday's Late Results**  
San Diego 3, Los Angeles 0

**Probable Pitchers**  
Philadelphia, Johnson (6-10) at New York, Garwood (5-9)  
Pittsburgh, Moose (10-2) at Chicago, Jenkins (19-11)  
Montreal, Robertson (4-12) at St. Louis, Gibson (16-10), N  
Atlanta, Jarvis (10-9) at Cincinnati, Nolan (5-5), N  
San Francisco, McCormick (9-5) at Houston, Lemaster (10-13), N  
Los Angeles, Sutton (15-13) at San Diego, Kirby (4-10), N

## AMERICAN LEAGUE

Team	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	94	44	.681	—
Detroit	79	58	.577	14 1/2
Boston	73	62	.541	19 1/2
Washington	71	67	.514	23
New York	68	68	.500	25
Cleveland	55	83	.399	39

**Friday's Results**  
Cleveland 2-0, New York 1-2  
Boston 9, Washington 8  
Baltimore 8, Detroit 4  
Kansas City at Seattle, N  
Minnesota at Oakland, N  
Chicago at California, N

**Thursday's Late Results**  
Minnesota 10, Oakland 5, 10 innings  
California 1, Chicago 0  
Kansas City 5, Seattle 3

**Probable Pitchers**  
Minnesota, Hall (8-4) at Oakland, Dobson (14-11)  
Baltimore, Palmer (14-2) at Detroit, Litch (17-7), N  
Washington, Coleman (10-11) at Boston, Stange (5-7)  
Chicago, Edmondson (1-6) at California, Messersmith (15-9), N  
Kansas City, Rooker (4-12) at Seattle, Meyer (0-0), N  
New York, Bahnsen (8-13) at Cleveland, Paul (2-8), N

## Drycleaning SPECIALS!

Monday • Tuesday • Wednesday  
SEPTEMBER 8, 9 and 10

## ANY 2 GARMENTS



\$2.09

Furs, Suedes, Formals Not Included.

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Laundered to perfection  
5 FOR \$1.29  
Folded or on Hangers

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CERTIFIES THE MOST IN DRY CLEANING  
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MONDAY thru SATURDAY  
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AT PRICES YOU CAN AFFORD  
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THE AIRLINER PRESENTS LEATHER SOUL  
THIS WEEK from 8 p.m. to 2 a.m.  
Mon. -- Tues.  
Wed. -- Thurs.

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You've heard about her...  
You've read about her...  
You've talked about her...  
NOW SEE HER!  
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**PREFINISHED PLYWOOD**  
4x8 SHEETS \$3.48 Each  
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Dark and Attractive **CORK** For Bulletin Boards  
1/2" Thick 97c Each  
12" x 36"

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An irresistible opportunity. The one hosiery sale you never want to miss. Nationally advertised Beauty Mist at once-a-year savings. It's time to scoop up a wardrobe of your favorite styles. But don't wait—special sale prices are for two weeks only.

	Reg.	SALE 1 pair	PRICE 6 pair
DRESS SHEER—HEEL and TOE	\$1.00	.79	4.70
PANTY HOSE SHEER	2.00	1.59	9.50

**Seiferts**  
10 S. Clinton Iowa City

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